Mechanism Design with Collusive Supervision: A Three-tier Agency Model with a Continuum of Types, including Applications to Organizational Design•

Yutaka Suzuki

Faculty of Economics, Hosei University
4342 Aihara, Machida-City, Tokyo 194-0298, Japan
E-Mail: yutaka@hosei.ac.jp

Revised, December 22, 2009

ABSTRACT

We apply the "Monotone Comparative Statics" method à la Topkis (1978), Edlin and Shannon (1998), and Milgrom and Segal (2002)'s generalized envelope theorem to the three-tier agency model with hidden information and collusion à la Tirole (1986, 1992), thereby providing a framework that can address the issues treated in the existing literature, e.g., Kofman and Lawarree (1993)'s auditing application, in a much simpler fashion. Using its tractable framework, we examine some interesting extensions, such as the effect of introducing another supervisor, the problem resulting from a lack of the principal's commitment, and the effect of incorporating behavioral elements into the model. In addition, we derive some clear and robust implications applicable to corporate governance reform, such as a choice between the companies with auditors vs. committees as a top management organization.

Key Words: Mechanism Design, Collusion, Supervision, Monotone Comparative Statics, Corporate Governance, Behavioral Economics

JEL Classification: D82, D86

[◆]This is an extended, full paper version of Suzuki (2008). I would like to thank the audiences at Hosei University, Association for Public Economic Theory (PET08), Seoul, and the 1st Annual UECE Lisbon Meetings: Game Theory and Applications (2009), Lisbon, for their useful comments. This research was supported by Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research by Japan Society for the Promotion of Science(C) No. 20530162 (2008-2010).