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Abstract

The breakdown of single-factor price equalization, or a single-cone world, is one of the central concerns in various fields of economics. This paper examines the empirical validities of the following two claims: 1) the multiple-cone Heckscher-Ohlin (HO) model fits better than the single-cone HO model; 2) increases in the number of cones improve the fit of the model. One of the contributions of this paper is that it focuses simultaneously on factor endowments, production patterns, and wage disparities across economies. My empirical results support the first claim but not the second claim. The results suggest that although the multiple-cone model performs better than the single-cone model, a small number of cones may be optimal.

Key words: multiple cones; Heckscher-Ohlin model; wages; sectoral produc-

tion patterns; human capital

JEL classification code: F11, F14, F2, C21

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