## Simulating Heterogeneous Multinational Firms\*

## Shawn Arita<sup>a</sup> and Kiyoyasu Tanaka<sup>b</sup>

Preliminary version
January 2011

## **Abstract:**

This paper examines the extent to which a model of heterogeneous firms adapted from Eaton, Kortum, and Kramarz (2008) can explain the structure of heterogeneous multinational firms. We extend the EKK model of exporting firms by allowing them to serve foreign markets via local production. The model predicts that more productive firms are more likely than less productive firms to enter a larger number of markets, to penetrate less attractive markets, and to yield larger sales per each market. Using a micro data on Japanese manufacturing firms, we simulate individual multinational activities and estimate an optimal set of underlying parameters that govern the behavior of heterogeneous multinationals. We find that simulated multinationals fit considerably well with actual Japanese multinationals in terms of various moments used. As out-of-sample predictions are shown to be reasonable, our quantitative framework provides a useful tool to conduct counterfactual analysis on multinational activities.

**Keywords:** Multinational firm, FDI, Firm heterogeneity, Simulation

JEL Classification: F10, F23, L25, R12, R30

-

<sup>\*</sup> This research is undertaken as part of the project on "Japan Industrial Productivity Database" at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI). The authors would like to thank RIETI for research opportunities and the Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry (METI) for providing firm-level data. We thank Kaoru Nabeshima, Kyoji Fukao, Toshiyuki Matsuura, and seminar participants at the Institute of Developing Economies for comments and suggestions. The opinions expressed and arguments employed in this paper are the sole responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of RIETI, METI, or any institution with which the authors are affiliated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Department of Economics, University of Hawaii at Manoa, Department of Economics; e-mail: aritas@hawaii.edu

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Corresponding author: Economic Integration Studies Group, Inter-Disciplinary Studies Center, Institute of Developing Economies; address: 3-2-2 Wakaba, Mihama-ku, Chiba-shi, Chiba 261-8545, Japan; e-mail: kiyoyasu\_tanaka@ide.go.jp