A MECHANISM THAT OVERCOMES COORDINATION FAILURE BASED ON

GRADUALISM, ENDOGENEITY, AND MODIFICATION

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Abstract

We examine three tools that can enhance coordination success in a repeated multiple

choice coordination game. Gradualism means that the game starts as an easy

coordination problem and moves gradually to a more difficult one. Endogeneity implies

that a gradual increase in the upper limit of coordination occurs only if coordination

with the Pareto superior equilibrium in a stage game is attained. Modification requires

that when they fail coordination, the level of the next coordination game is adjusted to

an easier one. We find from laboratory experiment that a mechanism that combines

these three, termed herein the GEM, works well.

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Keyword: Coordination Failure, Minimum Effort Game, Experiment, Gradualism,

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