Princeling's Privilege: Intergenerational Transmission of Political Influence on

Income¹

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Abstract

This paper examines the impact of parental political influence on offspring's

income. The identification strategy isolates the effect of political influence from other

parental characteristics by exploiting an age-based mandatory retirement rule in China.

After retirement, a bureaucrat's characteristics such as social network do not change

immediately, but he or she is no longer in the position of power to exert political

influence. Hence, the difference in offspring's income can be interpreted causally as

the return to political influence. Using difference-in-difference that controls for

income trends, it finds that the income premium associated with parental political

influence is 15%, with the effect largely concentrated for offspring who are in the

same industry sector with the parents.

Keywords: Intergenerational Persistence; Corruption

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