Analysis of the implementation of information disclosure ordinances in Japan: the effect on the

income of mayors and chief executives in local governments

Eiji Yamamura

Seinan Gakuin Univ

Ryo Ishida

Visiting Scholar, Policy Research Institute, Ministry of Finance Japan

Abstract:

This paper attempts to investigate how information transparency affects human behavior. Thus,

we empirically examine the influence of information disclosure ordinances on the income of

mayors and chief executives in local governments in Japan. For the estimation, we use panel data

of local governments covering 1999-2010, during which time many local governments

implemented such ordinances. The key finding is that the income of mayors and chief executives

in local governments decreased after the implementation of the ordinances. Furthermore, as the

years passed, the income declined further. Hence, information disclosure regarding local

government reduces the income of top officials and its influence becomes greater over time.

Although the income of mayors and chiefs executives is open information without the need for

an ordinance, it provided transparency regarding their work performance. Furthermore, the effect

of the ordinance did not depend on the mayors or chief executives' income level in 1999.

Therefore, the reduction of income is mainly due to the government's accountability rather than

citizens' inequality aversion.

JEL: Classification: D72; H79

Key words: Information disclosure ordinance; Japan; Local governments

Remark: The views expressed herein are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect

the opinions of the organizations to which the authors belong. Any remaining errors are the

sole responsibility of the authors.

1