How does natural disaster experience impact spatial structure of supply chain network?

Evidence from the Great East Japan Earthquake and expected Nankai Trough Earthquake

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ABSTRACT. This paper investigates empirically the interrelationship between the perception of a

forthcoming disaster risk based on the actual disaster damage and the change in the spatial distribution

of firm transactional networks (supply chains) by examining the Nankai Trough area after the Great

East Japan Earthquake in the period 2009 to 2017. By adopting the propensity score matching and the

difference-in-difference method, the study estimates the effects of tsunami damage on the magnitude

of the spatial concentration or dispersion of the supply chain network stemmed from risk perception,

measured by the inverse of the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index after 2011. The results show that the

magnitude of the spatial concentration or dispersion of suppliers changes heterogeneously after 2011

largely dependent on firm size, which can indicate the barrier of the capacity constraint toward the

pre-disaster preparation.

Keywords: Interregional trade, Supply chain, Disaster risk, Spatial pattern

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